

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
Middle District of Georgia

NATIONAL ELITE TRANSPORTATION, LLC

Plaintiff

VS

CASE NO. 3:11-CV-41 (CAR)

ANGEL FOOD MINISTRIES, INC. and
WESLEY JOSEPH WINGO

Defendant

**NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF A UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
TO EXERCISE JURISDICTION**

In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §636(c), and Fed.R.Civ.P. 73, you are notified that a United States magistrate judge of this district court is available to conduct any or all proceedings in this case including a jury or non-jury trial, and to order the entry of a final judgment. Exercise of this jurisdiction by a magistrate judge is, however, permitted only if all parties voluntarily consent.

You may, without adverse substantive consequences, withhold your consent, but this will prevent the court's jurisdiction from being exercised by a magistrate judge. If any party withholds consent, the identity of the parties consenting or withholding consent will not be communicated to any magistrate judge or to the district judge to whom the case has been assigned.

An appeal from a judgment entered by a magistrate judge shall be taken directly to the United States court of appeals for this judicial circuit in the same manner as an appeal from any other judgment of this district court.

CONSENT TO THE EXERCISE OF JURISDICTION BY A UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

In accordance with provisions of 28 U.S.C. §636(c) and Fed.R.Civ.P. 73, the parties in this case consent to have a United States magistrate judge conduct any and all proceedings in this case, including the trial, order the entry of a final judgment, and conduct all post-judgment proceedings.

Party Represented	Signatures*	Date

* Signatures may be electronically affixed (i.e. s/Judith Attorney) and, with consent so stated after the signature, counsel may electronically sign for other counsel (i.e. s/John Attorney, by consent).

NOTE: RETURN THIS FORM TO THE CLERK OF THE COURT **ONLY IF ALL** PARTIES HAVE CONSENTED **ON THIS FORM** TO THE EXERCISE OF JURISDICTION BY A UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE.

**NOTICE OF RIGHT TO CONSENT TO DISPOSITION OF
CIVIL CASE BY A UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

Under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c)(1), full-time magistrate judges are authorized to exercise civil jurisdiction, including trial of the case and entry of final judgment, upon consent of the parties. The parties are, of course, entirely free to withhold such consent without any adverse consequences.

Upon the filing of a complaint or notice of removal in a civil case, the clerk will provide the plaintiff or plaintiff's counsel or the removing defendant or removing defendant's counsel a notice/consent form informing the parties that they may consent to have a magistrate judge conduct all proceedings in the case and order the entry of final judgment. The parties or their attorneys must sign the form if they consent to the exercise of dispositive authority by the magistrate judge. If the plaintiff elects to consent, plaintiff shall sign the form and promptly send it to defendant(s). If defendant(s) also consents and signs the form, defendant(s) shall promptly file the form with the court. **Should any party elect not to consent, the form should not be returned.**

A party's decision to consent, or not to consent, to the disposition of the case before a United States magistrate judge is entirely voluntary, and no judge of this court will be informed of a party's decision to withhold consent. By returning the consent form only in cases where all parties consent, the court will not be aware of which party withheld consent. Where the consent form is not returned to the court during the early stages of the case, either the district court judge or magistrate judge may again advise the parties of the availability of the magistrate judge.

Please note that in the event of consent, the parties may appeal a final judgment from the magistrate directly to the court of appeals in the same manner as an appeal from any other judgment of the district court. A case on consent will continue to be governed by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules of this Court.